Contextual Narrative

USEIT

Multi-Stakeholder Group Meeting, 2:00 – 3:30 pm

May 21, 2015

Deloitte.

County Selection Criteria and Narrative Requirements

The Work Group and Co-Chairs followed a standard process for selecting and recommending the 12 counties (or county clusters). The Work Group worked with the IA to address agreed to requirements for each county narrative:

Key Questions

Description

How were the counties (or county clusters) selected?



- For each in scope resource (iron, gold, copper, coal, oil, and natural gas), the top two producing counties were selected using the most recent year of public, government production data available
- Clusters of counties were considered when the geologic distribution of a given resource spanned county lines

What are the EITI requirements addressed in the county narratives?



- Production (3.4a)
- Revenues (3.4a)
- Employment (3.4d)
- Revenue sustainability (3.8c)

What additional information do the county narratives contain?

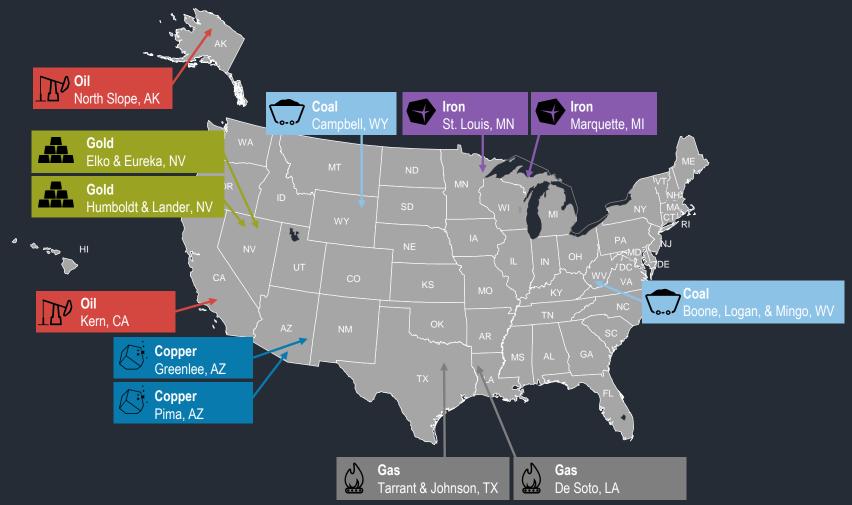


- Historical/geologic detail, total population, and revenue distribution information (3.7)
- All information is provided at the most local level that is publicly available. Wherever county data is unavailable, state or national data is substituted. When no data is available, the narrative calls out the gap explicitly.

¹ The interactive map in the online report will include 10 years of revenue and production data at the county level (federal lands only), as well as county level extractive industry employment (all lands)

County Narrative Recommendation for MSG Decision

The Contextual Narrative Work Group has proposed the following counties (or clusters of counties) for inclusion in the 2015 USEITI Report:



County Narrative Recommendation for MSG Decision

These counties (or groups of counties) had the first and second highest production in the most recent year of publically available government from 2013 or earlier:

COUNTY PRODUCTION DATA



201,138,000 bbls

Iron St. Louis, MN

41,700 metric tons



140,593,024 bbls



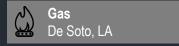
10,800 metric tons



1,292,248,480 Mcfs



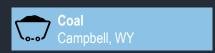
272,348 metric tons



1,166,522,715 Mcfs



123,918 metric tons



Coal Boone, Logan, & Mingo, WV 343,018,222 thousand metric tons 32,785,917 thousand metric tons



Gold Elko & Eureka, NV 75,690 kilograms

70,210 kilograms

Example County: St. Louis County, Minnesota

The iron mines of St. Louis County, MN generate more than three-fourths of the country's total iron output

EITI County Requirement		Sample Text from County Narrative		
	Annual resource production levels (3.4a)	 "In 2012, eight iron mines were operational in St. Louis County, producing 41.8 million metric tons of ore." 		
<u> </u>	Local revenues derived by extractive industry (3.4a)	"The taconite production tax [] amounted to \$11.6 million for St. Louis County out of \$102 million collected from this tax in 2012."		
Ť	Local employment supplied by extractive industry (3.4d)	"The eight minesprovided 3,970 jobs in 2012 out of 94,933 private sector jobs in the county."		
	Distribution of revenues for use at the local level (3.7)	"This tax is distributed to [] school districts, cities and townships, and the Iron Range Resources & Rehabilitation Board (IRRRB). "		
<u>ll</u>	Revenue sustainability (3.8c)	 "The United States is estimated to possess iron ore reserves of 110 billion tons." "No government data could be found detailing the existing fiscal costs of extractive industry in St. Louis County." 		

Work Group (WG) Approach to County Revenue Sustainability

In the **12 county narratives**, revenue sustainability will be addressed by including the following:

REVENUES

IA will seek to quantify or note qualitatively various sources of county revenues

PROVED RESERVES

IA will look at proved reserves at the basin level & trends and link counties to that level

[Results may vary by county & commodity]

IMPACTS/COSTS¹

IA will seek to quantify or note qualitatively primary impacts and costs:



Transportation/roads



Water



Reclamation



If the IA identifies other clear categories of costs in the work, they will raise to the WG

Next Steps and Key Dates

The following dates outline the schedule for editing and finalizing the 2015 USEITI Report:

	Contextual Narrative	Reconciliation	EITI Report (Written)	Online Report
Мау	• 5/20 – 5/21 MSG decision on counties			• 5/20 – 5/21 18F presents wireframes and landing page to MSG
June	• 5/21 – 6/2 Contextual Narrative Data Work Group reviews sector comments, and meets on 6/2 to resolve comments		IA develops outline and written v. online content breakdown and shares with Report Work Group and ISC	18F shares wireframes with Report Work Group and ISC
July		7/6 IA submits Final Reconciliation Report to ONRR	 Sample format/style submitted to Report Work Group and ISC 	18F shares wireframes with Report Work Group and ISC
Aug			8/3 – 8/17 sector review of Initial Draft EITI Report	18F shares wireframes with Report Work Group and ISC

Implementation Sub-Committee (ISC)

Next Steps and Key Dates

The following dates outline the schedule for editing and finalizing the 2015 USEITI Report:

	Contextual Narrative	Reconciliation	EITI Report (Written)	Online Report
Sept			9/16 – 9/17 MSG accepts components of Initial Draft EITI Report	9/16 – 9/17 MSG decision on online report
Oct			10/19 – 11/2 sector review of Revised Draft EITI Report on components not yet accepted by MSG only	18F conducts testing
Nov			IA produces report in graphic design software	18F conducts testing
Dec			12/15 – 12/16 MSG decision on Final USEITI Report	18F launches online report